#### EventGrid

#### FAQs

 Issue
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HUAWEI CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

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### How Is EG Billed?

EventGrid (EG) is billed based on the number of custom (including cloud service events) and third-party events.

EG provides pay-per-use billing. You pay only for your actual usage, and there is no minimum payment due.

Events of Huawei Cloud services are free of charge, regardless of their status. You will not be billed for consuming these events.

# **2** Why Did My Event Source Creation Fail?

If a Distributed Message Service (DMS) for RabbitMQ or RocketMQ event source is in the **Creation failed** or **Abnormal** state, the possible causes include:

• No private endpoint available.

Check whether you have created a private endpoint with the same VPC and subnet as the RabbitMQ or RocketMQ instance. For details, see **Creating a Private Endpoint**.

• The **default** security group is incorrectly configured.

Check whether the **default** security group allows all ICMP ports. For details, see **Adding a Security Group Rule**.

### **3** How Do I Configure a Security Group When Creating an Event Source?

Before creating a DMS for RabbitMQ or DMS for RocketMQ event source, configure security group rules.

- If the security group of DMS has incorrect inbound rules, the event target FunctionGraph cannot consume DMS events.
- If the **default** security group has incorrect outbound rules, the event source cannot be created.

#### Configure the following security group rules:

• Configure inbound rules for the security group of a DMS for RabbitMQ instance. For details, see Adding a Security Group Rule.

The following ports must be allowed in the inbound rules:

- ICMP: All
- TCP: 5672
- TCP: 15672

**NOTE** 

To obtain the TCP ports to enable access, go to the RabbitMQ instance details page, choose **Basic Information**, and find the ports in the **Connection** area.

#### Figure 3-1 RabbitMQ inbound rules

< ywx									
Summary Inbound	Rules Outbound Rules	Associated Instances							
Some security group rules will not take effect for ECSs with certain specifications. Learn more									
Add Rule Fast-Add Rule Delete Allow Common Ports Inbound Rules: 13 Learn more about security group configuration.									
♥ Specify filter crite	eria.								
Priority (?)	Action (?)	Protocol & Port (?)	Туре	Source (?)					
1									
1									
1	Allow	TCP : 5672	IPv4	0.0.0.0/0 ⑦					
1	Allow	TCP : 15672	IPv4	0.0.0.0/0 ③					
1									
1									
1									
1	Allow	ICMP : All	IPv4	0.0.0.0/0 ⑦					

• Configure inbound rules for the security group of a DMS for RocketMQ instance.

The following ports must be allowed in the inbound rules:

- ICMP: All
- TCP: 10100-10102
- TCP: 8100

D NOTE

To obtain the TCP ports to enable access, go to the RocketMQ instance details page, choose **Basic Information**, and find the ports in the **Connection** area.

#### Figure 3-2 RocketMQ inbound rules

<	< detaut							십 Import Rule	Export Rule		
Su	Summary Indoned Rules Outbound Rules Associated Instances										
	O Some security group tubes will not take effect the ECSs with certain specifications. Learn more								×		
	Add Rules Fast-Add Rules Dentity Adder Common Parts Interund Rules: 12 Law more about security group configuration.								С		
	Specify filter criter	ia.							Q		
	Priority (?)	Action (?)	Protocol & Port (?)	Туре	Source (?)	Description	Last Modified	Operation			
	1					-	Mar 16, 2023 11:19:57 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	1					-	Mar 01, 2023 10:37:51 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	1						Feb 28, 2023 18:53:10 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	1						Feb 27, 2023 11:17:15 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	1						Feb 27, 2023 11:16:34 GMT+08:00	Modify   Replicate   Delete			
	0.1	Allow	ICMP : All	IPv4	0.0.00 3		Feb 15, 2023 14:17:06 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	□ 1	Allow	TCP : 10100-10102	IPv4	0.0.0.0 3	-	Feb 15, 2023 14:18:53 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			
	1	Allow	TCP: 8100	IPv4	0.0.00 ()	-	Feb 15, 2023 14:16:31 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete			

• Configure outbound rules for the **default** security group. Allow **ICMP: All** in the outbound rules.

#### Figure 3-3 Outbound rules of the default security group

< default							십 Import Rule	xport Rule	
Summary Inbound Rules Outbound Rules Associated Instances									
🚯 Bone security group rules will not taile effect for ECSs with certain specifications. Learn more X									
Artif Dida Cost									
V Specify filter criteri	3.							ų	
Priority (?)	Action (?)	Protocol & Port (?)	Туре	Destination (?)	Description	Last Modified	Operation		
□ 1	Allow	ICMP : All	IPv4	0.0.0.00 ③	-	Mar 13, 2023 15:06:24 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete		
100						Dec 23, 2021 19:06:43 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete		
100					-	Dec 23, 2021 19:06:43 GMT+08:00	Modify Replicate Delete		

## **4** Why Did My Event Publishing Fail?

The possible causes include:

• No permission.

Check whether your AK/SK is correct. To create a new one, see **Obtaining an AK/SK**.

• Authentication failed.

Check whether the request method, address, and body used to publish events are the same as those used to generate a signature with the signature verification algorithm.

• Resource not found.

Check whether the event channel, source, and subscription are successfully created and correctly configured.

• Invalid event body format.

Check whether the event complies with the standard format specified by CloudEvents, and whether the attributes have changed with a different capitalization form after the serialization framework is used.

## 5 Why Was the Target Not Triggered?

The possible causes include:

- The target function has incorrect parameters. Check whether the event source, package, and function name are the same as expected.
- The event target has incorrect rules.
   Check whether the transform type is the same as expected.
- The target address has a spelling error, invalid domain name, or invalid IP address.
  - Check the domain name or IP address. The IP address cannot be a reserved one, for example, an all-zeros address, loopback address, ECS link address 169.254, or restricted broadcast address.

## **6** Can I Push Custom Events to EG?

#### Yes.

To push custom events to EG, encapsulate them according to **CloudEvents V1.0**, and send them to EG using an API.

For details, see **Sending a Custom Event**.

# **7** How Do I Filter Events to Transmit to the Target?

Configure filter rules in the subscription.

Only events that match your filter rules will be routed to the associated targets. These filter rules must have the same structure as the events.

For more information about event filter rules, see Filter Rule Parameters.

### 8 How Do I Transfer Custom Event Content to the Target?

Configure transform rules for the target in the subscription.

EG supports three transform types: pass-through, variables, and constants.

- **Pass-through**: Directly route CloudEvents-compliant events to the target.
- **Variables**: Route values of the variables in CloudEvents-compliant events to the target by using a template.
- **Constants**: Route constants in events to the target.

For more information about transform rules, see **Event Content Transformation**.

### **9** How Do I Obtain the SASL Certificate Address of a DMS for Kafka Instance?

When setting a DMS for Kafka instance with SASL\_SSL enabled as the source of an event stream, you must enter the SASL certificate address.

Obtain the address by following this procedure.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Download the SSL certificate of the Kafka instance.

- 1. Log in to the DMS for Kafka console.
- 2. Click the desired Kafka instance.
- 3. On the **Basic Information** tab, click **Download** next to **SSL Certificate** in the **Connection** area.
- 4. View the certificate (kafka-certs.zip) on your PC.
- Step 2 Create an OBS bucket by referring to Creating a Bucket. Ensure that the bucket is in the same region as the Kafka instance and its policy is Public Read or Public Read and Write.
- **Step 3** Upload the **kafka-certs.zip** file to the root directory of the bucket. For details, see **Uploading a File**.
- **Step 4** Generate the SASL certificate address in this format: https://{bucketname}.obs. {region}.myhuaweicloud.com/kafka-certs.zip.

*bucketname* indicates a bucket name, and **region** indicates a region name. For details, see **Regions and Endpoints**.

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